



Bringing out the Best in Everyone"

Buckinghamshire Council / Pebble Brook School

e-Safety Policy

Signed _____ dated _____

Chair of Governors

Date Approved /Ratified	Summer 2025
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INCLUDING COVID-19 UPDATE (APPENDIX), JUNE 2020

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1. Rationale

The development and expansion of the use of ICT, and particularly of the internet, has transformed learning in schools in recent years. There is a large body of evidence that recognises the benefits that ICT can bring to teaching and learning.

The benefits are perceived to 'outweigh the risks'. However, schools must, through their e-Safety Policy, ensure that they meet their statutory obligations to ensure that children and young people are safe and are protected from potential harm, both within and outside school.

2. Network and Communication

E-safety is the responsibility of all staff.

3. Purpose

This policy is for staff, volunteers, pupils and parents / carers and provides guidelines and working practices for the effective and safe use of the internet, email and other communications technologies in the school to which they may be exposed, so that they have the confidence and skills to face and deal with these risks.

The school must demonstrate that it has provided the necessary safeguards to help ensure that they have done everything that could reasonably be expected of them to manage and reduce risks. The e-Safety Policy that follows explains how we intend to do this, whilst also addressing wider educational issues in order to help young people (and their parents / carers) to be responsible users and stay safe while using the internet and other communications technologies for educational, personal and recreational use.

The requirement to ensure that children and young people are able to use the internet and related communications technologies appropriately and safely is addressed as part of the wider duty of care to which all who work in schools are bound. This school e-Safety Policy should help to ensure safe and appropriate use.

The development and implementation of such a strategy should involve all the stakeholders in a child's education from the Headteacher and Governors to the senior leaders and classroom teachers, support staff, parents / carers, members of the community and the pupils themselves. The use of new technologies can put young people at risk within and outside the school.

Some of the dangers they may face include:

- Access to illegal, harmful or inappropriate images or other content.

- Unauthorised access to / loss of / sharing of personal information.
- The risk of being subject to grooming for sexual exploitation or terrorism by those with whom they make contact on the internet.
- The sharing / distribution of personal images without an individual's consent or knowledge.
- Inappropriate communication / contact with others, including strangers, cyber-bullying.
- Access to unsuitable videos.
- An inability to evaluate the quality, accuracy and relevance of information on the internet.
- Plagiarism and copyright infringement.
- Illegal downloading of music or video files.
- The potential for excessive use which may impact on the social and emotional development and learning of the young person.

Many of these risks reflect situations in the off-line world and it is essential that this e-Safety Policy is used in conjunction with other school policies, e.g. Behaviour Policy, Anti-Bullying Policy, Communication Policy and Child Protection Policy.

As with all other risks, it is impossible to eliminate those risks completely. It is therefore essential, through good educational provision, to build pupils' resilience to the risks. The Education and Inspections Act 2006 empowers Headteachers, to such extent as is reasonable, to regulate the behaviour of pupils when they are off the school site and empowers members of staff to impose disciplinary penalties for inappropriate behaviour. This is pertinent to incidents of cyber-bullying or other e-safety incidents covered by this policy which may take place out of school, but is linked to membership of the school. The school will deal with such incidents within this policy and associated Behaviour and Anti-Bullying Policies and will, where known, inform parents / carers of incidents of inappropriate e-safety behaviour that takes place out of school.

4. Roles and Responsibilities

National guidance suggests that it is essential for schools to take a leading role in e-safety. The following section outlines the roles and responsibilities for e-safety of individuals and groups within the school.

4.1 Governors

Governors are responsible for the approval of the e-Safety Policy and for reviewing the effectiveness of the policy. This will be carried out by the Governors receiving regular information about e-safety incidents and monitoring reports. A member of the Governing Board will take on the role of e-Safety Governor. This will be the Governor responsible for safeguarding.

The role of the e-Safety Governor will include:

- Regular meetings with the e-Safety Co-ordinator / Officer.
- Regular monitoring of e-safety incident logs.
- Regular monitoring of filtering / change control logs.
- Reporting to relevant Governors Committee / meeting.

4.2 Headteacher and Senior Leaders

The Headteacher is responsible for ensuring the safety (including e-safety) of members of the school community.

4.3 e-Safety Co-ordinator / Officer

- Takes day to day responsibility for e-safety issues and has a leading role in establishing and reviewing the school e-safety policies / documents.
- Ensures that all staff are aware of the procedures that need to be followed in the event of an e-safety incident taking place.
- Provides training and advice for staff.
- Liaises with the Local Authority.
- Liaises with school ICT technical staff.
- Receives reports of all e-safety incidents and creates a log of incidents to inform future e-safety developments.
- Meets regularly with the e-Safety Governor to discuss current issues, review incident logs and filtering / change control logs.
- Attends relevant meetings / Committees of Governors.
- Reports regularly to the Senior Leadership Team.
- Keeps up to date with online trends.

4.4 ICT Co-ordinator

The ICT Co-ordinator is responsible for ensuring that:

- The school's ICT infrastructure is secure and is not open to misuse or malicious attack.
- The school's Filtering Policy, if it has one, is applied and updated on a regular basis and that its implementation is not the sole responsibility of any single person.
- That he / she keeps up to date with e-safety technical information in order to effectively carry out their e-safety role and to inform and update others as relevant.
- That the use of the network / Virtual Learning Environment (VLE) / remote access / email is regularly monitored in order that any misuse / attempted misuse can be reported to the Headteacher / ICT Co-ordinator for investigation / action / sanction.
- That monitoring software / systems are implemented and updated as agreed in school policies.

4.5 Teaching and Support Staff

Teaching and support staff are responsible for ensuring that:

- They have an up-to-date awareness of e-safety matters and of the current school e-Safety Policy and practices.
- They report any suspected misuse or problem to the e-Safety Co-ordinator / Headteacher / DSL for investigation / action / sanction.
- Digital communications with pupils (email / Virtual Learning Environment (VLE)) should be on a professional level and only carried out using official school systems.
- E-safety issues are embedded in all aspects of the curriculum and other school activities.
- Pupils understand and follow the school e-Safety and Acceptable Use Policy.
- Pupils have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations.
- They monitor ICT activity in lessons, extra-curricular and extended school activities.

- They are aware of e-safety issues related to the use of mobile phones, cameras and hand held devices and that they monitor their use and implement current school policies with regard to these devices.
- In lessons where internet use is pre-planned, pupils should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches.

4.6 Designated Safeguarding Leads

Designated Safeguarding Leads should be trained in e-safety issues and be aware of the potential for serious child protection issues to arise from:

- Sharing of personal data.
- Access to illegal / inappropriate materials.
- Inappropriate on-line contact with adults / strangers.
- Potential or actual incidents of grooming.
- Cyber-bullying.

4.7 Pupils

- Should have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations.
- Need to understand the importance of reporting abuse, misuse or access to inappropriate materials and know how to do so.
- Will be expected to know and understand school policies on the use of mobile phones, digital cameras and hand held devices. They should also know and understand school policies on the taking / use of images and on cyber-bullying.
- Should understand the importance of adopting good e-safety practice when using digital technologies out of school and realise that the school's e-Safety Policy covers their actions out of school, if related to their membership of the school.

4.8 Parents / Carers

Parents / Carers play a crucial role in ensuring that their children understand the need to use the internet / mobile devices in an appropriate way. Research shows that many parents / carers do not fully understand the issues and are less experienced in the use of ICT than their children. The school will therefore take every opportunity to help parents / carers understand these

issues through parents' evenings, newsletters, letters, website / VLE and information about national / local e-safety campaigns / literature.

5. Teaching and Learning

Should encompass:

- Why the Internet and digital communications are important.
- Managing internet access.
- Information system security.

School ICT system security will be reviewed regularly.

Virus protection will be installed and updated regularly.

6. E-mail

Pupils may only use approved e-mail accounts on the school system.

Pupils must immediately tell a teacher if they receive offensive e-mails.

In e-mail communication pupils must not reveal their personal details or those of others, or arrange to meet anyone without specific permission. Incoming e-mails should be treated as suspicious and attachments will not be permitted in pupil accounts. The forwarding of chain letters is not permitted.

7. Curriculum

E-safety should be a focus in all areas of the curriculum and staff should reinforce e-safety messages in the use of ICT across the curriculum:

- In lessons where internet use is pre-planned, Pebble Brook School adopts best practice that pupils should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches.
- Where pupils are allowed to freely search the internet, e.g. using search engines, staff should be vigilant in monitoring the content of the websites the pupils visit.
- It is accepted that from time to time, for good educational reasons, pupils may need to research topics, e.g. racism, drugs and discrimination, that would normally result in internet searches being blocked. In such a situation, staff can request that the Network Manager (and other relevant

persons) can temporarily remove those sites from the filtered list for the period of study. Any request to do so should be auditable, with clear reasons for the need.

- Pupils should be taught in all lessons to be critically aware of the materials / content they access online and be guided to validate the accuracy of information.
- Pupils should be taught to acknowledge the source of information used and to respect copyright when using material accessed on the internet.

8. Use of Digital and Video Images

The development of digital imaging technologies has created significant benefits to learning, allowing staff and pupils instant use of images that they have recorded themselves or downloaded from the internet. However, staff and pupils need to be aware of the risks associated with sharing images and with posting digital images on the internet. Those images may remain available on the internet forever and may cause harm or embarrassment to individuals in the short or longer term. There are many reported incidents of employers carrying out internet searches for information about potential and existing employees. The school will inform and educate users about these risks and will implement policies to reduce the likelihood of the potential for harm:

- When using digital images staff should inform and educate pupils about the risks associated with the taking, use, sharing, publication and distribution of images. In particular, they should recognise the risks attached to publishing their own images on the internet, e.g. on social networking sites.
- Staff are allowed to take digital / video images to support educational aims but must follow school policies concerning the sharing, distribution and publication of those images. Those images should only be taken on school equipment - the personal equipment of staff should not be used for such purposes.
- Care should be taken when taking digital / video images that pupils are appropriately dressed and are not participating in activities that might bring the individuals or the school into disrepute.
- Pupils must not take, use, share, publish or distribute images of others without their permission.
- Photographs published on the school's website or elsewhere that include pupils are carefully selected and comply with good practice guidance on the use of such images.

- Pupils' full names will not be used anywhere on a website or blog, particularly in association with photographs.
- Written permission from parents / carers will be obtained before photographs of pupils are published on the school's website.
- Pupils' work can only be published with the permission of the pupil and parents / carers.

9. Data Protection Updated Following GDPR

Personal data will be recorded, processed, transferred and made available according to the Data Protection Act 1998 which states that personal data must be:

- Fairly and lawfully processed.
- Processed for limited purposes.
- Adequate, relevant and not excessive.
- Accurate.
- Kept no longer than is necessary.
- Processed in accordance with the data subject's rights.
- Secure.
- Only transferred to others with adequate protection.

Staff must ensure that they:

- At all times take care to ensure the safekeeping of personal data, minimising the risk of its loss or misuse.
- Use personal data only on secure password protected computers and other devices, ensuring that they are properly 'logged-off' at the end of any session in which they are using personal data.
- Transfer data using encryption and secure password protected devices.

When personal data is stored on any portable computer system, USB stick or any other removable media:

- The data must be encrypted and password protected.

- The device must be password protected (many memory sticks / cards and other mobile devices cannot be password protected).
- The device must offer approved virus and malware checking software.
- The data must be securely deleted from the device, in line with school policy (below) once it has been transferred or its use is complete.

10. Unsuitable / Inappropriate Activities

Pebble Brook School believes that the activities listed below would be inappropriate in a school context and that users should not engage in these activities in school or outside school when using school equipment or systems.

Users shall not visit internet sites, make, post, download, upload, data transfer, communicate or pass on, material, remarks, proposals or comments that contain or relate to:

- Child sexual abuse images.
- Promotion or conduct of illegal acts, e.g. under the Child Protection, Obscenity, Computer Misuse and Fraud Legislation.
- Adult material that potentially breaches the Obscene Publications Act in the UK.
- Criminally racist material in the UK.
- Pornography.
- Promotion of any kind of discrimination.
- Promotion of racial or religious hatred.
- Threatening behaviour, including promotion of physical violence or mental harm.
- Any other information which may be offensive to colleagues or breaches the integrity of the ethos of the school or brings the school into disrepute.
- Using school systems to run a private business.
- Uploading, downloading or transmitting commercial software or any copyrighted materials belonging to third parties, without the necessary licensing permissions.

- Revealing or publicising confidential or proprietary information, e.g. financial / personal information, databases, computer / network access codes and passwords.
- Creating or propagating computer viruses or other harmful files.
- Carrying out sustained or instantaneous high volume network traffic (downloading / uploading files) that causes network congestion and hinders others in their use of the internet.
- Online gambling.
- Online shopping / commerce.
- File sharing.
- Use of social networking sites.
- Contacting staff via social media.

11. Responding to Incidents of Misuse

It is hoped that all members of the school community will be responsible users of ICT who understand and follow this policy. However, there may be times when infringements of the policy could take place, through carelessness or irresponsible use or, very rarely, through deliberate misuse. Listed below are the responses that will be made to any apparent or actual incidents of misuse:

If any apparent or actual misuse appears to involve illegal activity i.e. child sexual abuse images, adult material which potentially breaches the Obscene Publications Act, criminally racist material or other criminal conduct, activity or materials then the standard Buckinghamshire Council procedure for Safeguarding and Child Protection will be instigated.

It is more likely that the school will need to deal with incidents that involve inappropriate rather than illegal misuse. It is important that any incidents are dealt with as soon as possible in a proportionate manner and that members of the school community are aware that incidents have been dealt with. It is intended that incidents of misuse will be dealt with through normal behaviour / disciplinary procedures.

12. Published Content and the School Website

Staff or pupils personal contact information will not generally be published. The contact details given online should be the school office. The Headteacher or nominee will take overall editorial responsibility and ensure that published content is accurate and appropriate.

13. Social Networking and Personal Publishing

The school will control access to social networking sites, and consider how to educate pupils in their safe use.

- News groups will be blocked unless a specific use is approved.
- Pupils will be advised never to give out personal details of any kind which may identify them, their friends or their location.
- Pupils should not place personal photos on any social network space without considering how the photo could be used now or in the future.
- Pupils should be advised on security and encouraged to set passwords, to deny access to unknown individuals and to block unwanted communications. Pupils should only invite known friends and deny access to others.

14. Managing Filtering

The Senior Leadership Team should note that technologies such as mobile phones with wireless internet access can bypass school filtering systems and present a new route to undesirable material and communications.

Mobile phones will not be used during lessons or formal school time, unless as part of a lesson, where directed by a member of staff. The sending of abusive or inappropriate text messages is forbidden. There will be heavy sanctions imposed on those pupils who misuse camera phones.

The use by pupils of cameras on mobile phones will be kept under review. Games machines including the Sony PlayStation, Microsoft Xbox / PSP and others have internet access which may not include filtering. Care is required if there is any use in school or other officially sanctioned location. Staff will be issued with a school phone where contact with pupils is required.

15. Protecting Personal Data

Personal data will be recorded, processed, transferred and made available according to the Data Protection Act 1998.

16. Authorising Internet Access

The school will maintain a current record of all staff and pupils who are granted access to school ICT systems.

17. Communicating e-Safety

E-Safety rules will be posted in all rooms where computers are used. Pupils will be informed that network and internet use will be monitored. A programme of training in e-Safety will be developed, possibly based on the materials from CEOP.

18. Staff and the e-Safety Policy

- All staff will be given the school e-Safety Policy and its importance explained.
- Staff must be informed that network and internet traffic can be monitored and traced to the individual user.
- Staff that manage filtering systems or monitor ICT use will be supervised by senior management and work to clear procedures for reporting issues.
- Staff should understand that phone or online communications with pupils can occasionally lead to misunderstandings or even malicious accusations. Staff must take care always to maintain a professional relationship.
- Staff should not have pupils as 'friends' on social networking sites.

19. Enlisting Parents' / Carers' Support

- Parents' / carers' attention will be drawn to the school e-Safety Policy in newsletters, the school prospectus and on the school's website.
- The school will maintain a list of e-safety resources for parents / carers.
- Parents / carers will be expected to read and sign up to an Acceptable Use Policy for their child in school.

20. Equal Opportunities

The school supports the right of all staff and pupils to equal access and chances regardless of age, ethnicity, gender, social circumstances, ability / disability or sexuality.

21. Health and Safety

Health and Safety issues are described fully in the school's Health and Safety Policy. It is the responsibility of each adult to report health and safety issues without delay.

22. Professional Development

All staff are provided with training opportunities to deliver the curriculum, including special requirements to meet the needs of pupils, where appropriate. Training needs will be linked to performance management, staff interviews and the School Improvement Plan.

Appendix

E-Safety Policy for Online Communication

If phoning or Face Timing a pupil or using platforms like Zoom:

Do this through parents' / carers' phones only (unless this itself poses a safeguarding risk), and in all cases make sure parents / carers are aware and agree.

Call in school hours as much as possible.

Make it clear that the pupil does not initiate ANY calls or multi-media platforms. All contact is prearranged and instigated by the teacher.

Please do not reply to any emails direct to your account from a pupil. If any are received, please report to the parent and inform a school Designated Safeguarding Lead.

Make sure someone else at school is aware, and keep a record of the date and time of each call.

Have a parent / carer there at the pupil's end and have the phone on speaker phone.

Sit against a neutral background.

Avoid recording in your bedroom if you can (if that's not possible, use a neutral background).

Dress as you would for school – no pyjamas!

Double-check that any other tabs you have open in your browser would be appropriate for a child to see, if you are sharing your screen.

Use professional language.

Record live streams, so there's something to go back to later on if you need to and keep a log of who's doing live streams and when.

If a pupil or parent / carer has your number the guidance will say that you should change the number. It would be good practice to do this at the end of the Summer Term 2020.